

MOUT E
have received
NEW
VICTOR RECORDS.

Temperature 79 Barometer 29.69
Rainfall 1.17 In. Humidity 92

China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1840

THE DOLLAR.
To-day's closing rate, 2/4 15/16
To-day's opening rate, 2/4 15/16

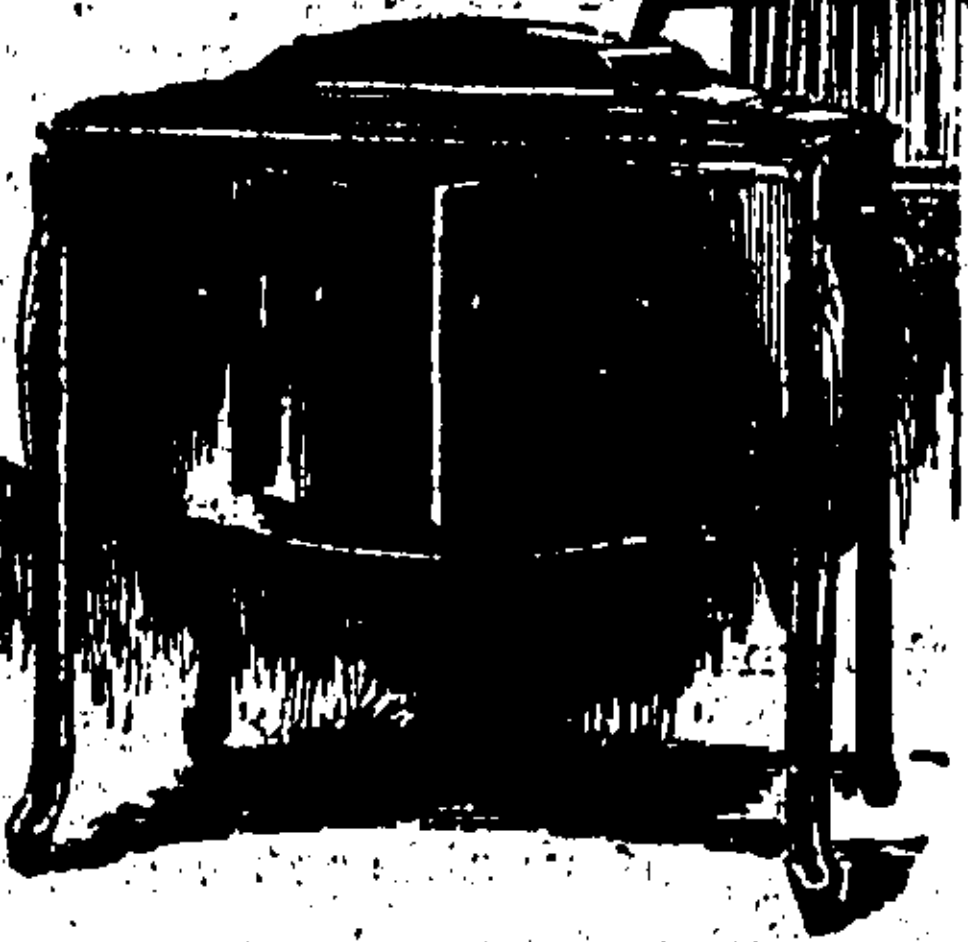


Catalogues & specifications from
ALEX. RUSS & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

No. 19,288 四拜禮 號一十月九年四十二百九千一英 HONGKONG, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1924 日三十月八年十國中 價銀, \$3.00 Per Month.

We want you
to hear this
Victrola

We want you to hear it because
you will also notice what a grace-
ful instrument it is, a source of
pride while silent, a living, speak-
ing thing when playing. You can
have this Victrola in your home
tonight. Pay for it on our term
payment plan. Come in and ask
us about it.



S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.
Victor Distributors.

ANGLO-SOVIET TREATY. DENOUNCED BY MR. GEORGE. "A FAKE AND FOLLY." "PREMIER HELD UP." (Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 10.
In a speech at Westminster, Mr. Lloyd George denounced the Russian Treaty as "a fake and a folly."
He said the Premier had been held up by Socialist gun-men.
It was an act of criminal recklessness to guarantee huge sums to be spent by organisers of anarchy. The Liberal Party, he said, would forfeit the respect of the nation if it shirked the challenge. Government would suffer an unparalleled defeat if it appealed to the country on the Treaty.
Mr. George supported the Government's Irish policy and approved Lord Birkenhead's letter to Lord Balfour in March 1922, strongly contending that the boundary clause meant that the Boundary Commission was intended to make only minor readjustments, and saying it was inconceivable that any competent and honest arbitrator could take an opposite view.

ST. LEGER.

VICTORY FOR SALMON-TROUT.

FAVOURITE FINISHED THIRD.

(Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 10.
The race for the St. Leger (1m. 6f. 132yds.) run at Doncaster to-day, resulted in a victory for Salmon-Trout, the second favourite.
Sant Orb, a 40-1 shot, not given as among the probabilities yesterday, finished second, with Polyphontes, the favourite, third.

THE RACE DESCRIBED.

The barrier ascended to a good start. Arcade quickly gave way to Hurry Belle, the pair being followed by Eaglestone, Sant Orb, Watford, Irismond, Polyphontes and Zodiac, with Salmon-Trout last behind Sansovino. They raced in this order for half a mile, when Eaglestone forced the pace clear of Hurry Belle, Arcade, Polyphontes, Sant Orb, the whippet-in still being Salmon-Trout.
When half the distance had been covered, Polyphontes was running third. There was no further change until entering the straight, when Polyphontes shot to the front, pursued by Sant Orb, Watford, Transvaal II, Irismond, Cape Horn and Salmon-Trout.
A quarter of a mile from home, Sant Orb closed with Polyphontes, and took command at the distance post. He was, however, promptly challenged by Salmon-Trout, who came through "with a wet sail" and won comfortably by two lengths with the favourite third, half a length behind Sant Orb.
Sansovino finished eighth and Spalpeen last. It was only known late in the morning that it had been decided to run Sant Orb.
Won by 2 lengths. Time 3 min. 13 1/5 secs. There were seventeen starters.
[Note:—Fourteen names are mentioned in the description of the race so presumably the absentee was Winalot or Shambles, as Jelliss is given as being engaged to ride both.]

Starters And Jockeys.

Arcade	Childs
Winalot	Jelliss
Cape Horn	V. Smythe
Irismond	Donoghue
Obbliterate	Burns
Polyphontes	McLachlan
Salmon-Trout	Carslake
Sansovino	Weston
Transvaal II	Ferre
Watford	A. Smythe
Great Barrier	Elliott
Spalpeen	O'Neill
Zodiac	Archibald
Bucks Yeoman	Beary
Hurry Belle	Winter
Eaglestone	J. Leach
Sant Orb	Holme

The Betting.

100-30 agst.	Polyphontes (3-1 taken).
6-1 agst.	Salmon-Trout.
9-1 agst.	Hurry Belle (taken and offered).
11-2 agst.	Sansovino (offered).
13-2 agst.	Irismond.
25-1 agst.	Cape Horn (offered).
28-1 agst.	Transvaal II (taken and offered).
18-1 agst.	Winalot.
22-1 agst.	Obbliterate.
25-1 agst.	Spalpeen (offered).
40-1 agst.	Sant Orb.
40-1 agst.	Alcides.
40-1 agst.	Bucks Yeoman.
50-1 agst.	Zodiac (offered).

[Only the starting prices of the placed horses have been called. The other quotations are given as they were made.]

IMPRISONMENT FOR LIFE. LOEB AND LEOPOLD SENTENCED. GUARDING THE JUDGE. STATE LAW SAVED THEM. (Reuter's American Service.)

CHICAGO, September 10.
Richard Loeb and Nathan Leopold have been sentenced to imprisonment for life for the murder of Robert Franks.
PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT JUDGE.
Unparalleled precautions were taken to ensure the safety of Judge Caverly. Extra guards occupied the Court Room all night long, the force being increased to 500 at dawn. The final proceedings lasted 10 minutes.
The Judge pointed out that no minor had ever been sentenced to death in Illinois on a plea of guilty.
While finding no mitigation in the crime itself, nor in the defendants' personalities or antecedents, he accepted full responsibility for declining to impose the death penalty on minors.
In order to comply with technicalities, separate sentences of life for murder and 99 years for kidnapping were imposed.

REASON FOR SENTENCES.

The sentence of 99 years, on the kidnapping charge, means that the prisoners cannot be released on parole for 37 years, whereas a life-term alone would permit release after about 20 years.
The Court urged the department of public welfare never to admit the prisoners to parole.

HISTORY OF CRIME.

NEW YORK, September 10.
The sensational trial has concluded in Chicago, in which Richard Loeb and Nathan Leopold, sixteen year old students in the Chicago University, sons of two Chicago millionaires, were accused of kidnapping and murdering a fourteen-year-old school boy, Robert Franks, son of a well-known Chicago business man, from whom the accused were alleged to have demanded ten thousand dollars ransom. Loeb and Leopold confessed to the crime. Each alleged that the other struck the blow, which killed Franks. The crime was apparently carefully planned.
The defence pleaded for imprisonment rather than death on the ground that the accused were suffering from "mental sickness."
The case aroused the greatest excitement and the Chicago police have taken extraordinary measures to prevent a demonstration when sentence is pronounced to-day. Threats to lynch the accused have been freely made, and many persons connected with the case have received anonymous letters from the Ku Klux Klan and other secret societies.

HOME CRICKET.

END OF AFRICAN VISIT.

POOR START AT SCARBOROUGH.

(Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 10.
At Scarborough to-day, the final match of the present South African tour v. Mr. C. I. Thornton's England XI, commenced in fine weather and on a soft wicket.
At the end of play, the South Africans had been dismissed for 143. Allen (G. O. Allen, Eton, Cambridge and Middlesex) took 7 wickets for 61 runs.
Mr. Thornton's team were 83 up for 2 wickets.

SOVIET AND FRANCE.

PROTEST RE ICEBREAKERS.

PROPOSED AUCTION OF VESSELS.

(Reuter's Service.)

LONDON, September 10.
The Soviet Legation in London has sent Mr. Herriot a note, strongly protesting against the proposal to auction at Marseilles two icebreakers and other vessels of the Russian fleet. The note claims the vessels are the property of the Soviet Union. It says the Soviet Government has often declared it will not recognize the legality of such transactions, and expresses firm conviction that measures will consequently be taken to preserve the vessels intact until handed over to their legal proprietors, the Soviet State.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

MORAL DISARMAMENT NEEDED.

VIEW OF MR. TANG TAI-FOU.

(Reuter's Service.)

GENEVA, September 10.
In the course of a debate on the work of the Council of the League of Nations, Mr. Tang Tai-fou declared there could be no peace unless it was based on the principles of justice.
He said the American Government, under President Wilson, had been the first to propose moral disarmament, and that this was the only way to achieve peace.

K Shoes

You need a pair of K-crepe rubber soled shoes when you go walking. The tough crepe rubber soles which grip the slippery surfaces so surely are fastened to the walls by a special K method of attachment which never gives way.



"K" Tan, willow and (as illustration) \$23.50
Tan Call heavy sole.
Brogan style \$23.50

MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building, Des Voeux Road.

SKETOIDE

and quickly rid the Office and Home of all MOSQUITOES, FLIES, SANDFLIES, etc., etc. SKETOIDE kills all insects. SKETOIDE is pleasant in use. SKETOIDE is non-poisonous.

THE PHARMACY.

Tel. C. 345. No. 26, Queen's Road Central.

AUTUMN SUITINGS.

From the West End of London.

HEALTH BOOTS & SHOES.

Specially made for The Tai Yau Co., Ltd. by Crockett & Jones for Ladies and Gentlemen.

GREAT SALE

NOW ON:-

MA JONG SETS—ALL KINDS OF CHINESE SILK, HOSIERY, ETC., ETC.

TAI YAU CO., LTD.

244-246, Des Voeux Road C. Tel. C. 2637.

HAWKER'S SLOE GIN PEDLAR BRAND

NEVER GO BATHING WITHOUT A BOTTLE
SOLE AGENTS:
CALDERBROOK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
15, Queen's Road Central. Tel. 77 Central.

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SHIRTS & PYJAMAS

"NOGATCO"

SEA ISLAND COTTON FOR COMPLETE SATISFACTION.

THESE GARMENTS ARE PERFECT IN CUT AND CRAFTSMANSHIP AND IN AN EXCELLENT RANGE OF DESIGNS AND COLOURINGS.

Shirts Complete with 2 Collars from \$3.50
Pyjamas Excellent Designs from \$3.50

SEE WINDOWS FOR NEW AUTUMN DISPLAYS.

WHITEWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

MORINAGA CANDY STORE.

To Introduce:-

Iced Cocoa	10 cents
Ice Cream	20 "
Ice Cream Soda	20 "
Delicious Tea Cake	5 "
Hot Tea and Coffee	10 "

Sweets and Chocolates.

18A, Des Voeux Road, Central.

Telephone C. 4702.

YEE SANG FAT CO.

JUST TO HAND

NEW STOCK

FOR

THE SEASON

MAKE YOUR

PURCHASE

EARLY.

Poise-

is as much a part of a woman's appearance as her outer garments and the most important factor in it.

Formfit Girdles make for poise by supporting the body and the most important factor in it.

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LAMMERT BROS.AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS
AND SURVEYORS.
Public AuctionsTHE Undersigned have received in-
structions to sell by Public Auction**FRIDAY, 12th Sept., 1924,**
commencing at 2.30 p.m.
at their Sales Room, Duddell Street**A Quantity of**
Valuable Household Furniture,
Comprising:—Teak Hatstand, Chesterfield Couch,
Tapestry Armchair, Tables, Brass
Fenders, Brackets, Ornaments, Caskets,
Curtains, Carpets, Rugs, etc.
Extension Dining Table, Dining
Chair, Sideboard, Dinner Waggon,
Crockery, Glass Ware, etc.
Brass, Iron and Teak Bedstead,
Single and Double Wardrobe with
Bevelled Mirror Doors, Dressing Tables,
Rolled Top Desk, Marble Top Desk,
Marble Top Washstand, Bookcases,
Screens, Pictures, etc.Also
One Cottage Piano by "Cramer"
Two Cabinet Gramophones
One Bicycle (New)
Three Enamelled Baths
One Remington Typewriter
One Royal Typewriter
One Electric Table Fountain
One Violet Ray Operator
One Crystal Wireless Receiving Set
One Camera
One Portable Phonograph

Several Sets Ma Jong.

And
A Selection of Brasse Brass Ware.

Catalogues will be issued.

On View from Thursday, the 11th
September, 1924.Terms:—Cash on delivery.
LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 8th Sept., 1924.

MILLIONTH JOURNEY.**STATELY CEREMONY IN**
HOTEL LIFT.London, July 29:—Robertson,
the stately and dignified attendant
of the main lift of the Savoy Hotel,
drove his moving room of gold
and red lacquer towards the skies
for the millionth time just before
the luncheon hour yesterday.The achievement was registered
on a dial in the engine-rooms
below, where every journey of all
the lifts has been automatically
registered since their installation.Robertson has been driving this
lift for 18 years. For the last
three days he has been kept in-
formed of the figures on the dial.
Yesterday, having completed the
999,999th journey, he went in
search of three people in the foyer
who had been warned of the
approaching moment.Then the ceremony of the
millionth journey began. In the
lift were Judge Hazlitt, of New
York, who, as an unknown lawyer
many years ago, was one of the
first of Robertson's passengers; an
elderly, white-haired Italian
princess who has been a twice-
yearly visitor for years; and a
London financier who, living on
the third floor, is the most regular
passenger. A table bearing
glasses stood discreetly in a
corner.For the millionth time the lift
ascended. On the top floor it
paused for a moment. The three
passengers raised their glasses to
the stately figure in blue and
silver. A few minutes later he
had registered a few more
journeys towards his second
million.**UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS****THE GREAT NORTHERN TELE-**
GRAPH COMPANY, LTD.The following unclaimed telegrams
are lying at the office of The
Great Northern Telegraph Company
(Limited):—Volant, from Havre.
Kostianka, from Amoy.
Zykakie, from Kobe.
Yap Hong Kwi The Great Eastern
Hotel, from Amoy.
Lyn On, from Shanghai.
Chan No. 3, Tai Sack Street, from
Shanghai.
0509, from Tientsin.
Yuelontyan, from New York.
E. V. JESSEN,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, 4th September, 1924.**EASTERN EXTENSION AUSTRAL-**
ASIA & CHINA TELEGRAPH CO.List of unclaimed telegrams lying in
E. E. Telegraph Office, Hongkong.
Baidun, from Tientsin.
Comblance Repulse Bay Hotel, from
Shanghai.
Ocal Divi, Hongkong Hotel, from
St. Thomas, Va.
Pechler, from Bangkok.
M. E. MAUREY,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, 4th September, 1924.**G. E. WARREN & CO., LTD**SANITARY ENGINEERS
MONUMENTALISTS

31b, WYNDHAM STREET, HONGKONG.

TEL. CENTRAL 269.

Estimates Free

for complete

Sanitary Installations**Hot Water Systems &c.**

Specialists in Monumental Work

out from

Italian Marble-Polished

and/or

Fine Punched Hongkong Granite.**Artificial Wreaths in Stock.****For Sale****Flower and Vegetable****Seeds**

Indications point to a

Heavy Demand

for seeds

This Season

To be sure of getting every variety

you wish, we suggest that you

Order To-day.**GRACA & CO.,**

No. 10, Wyndham Street,

P.O. Box 620. Hongkong.

SHOEMAKERS.

(Japanese Hand Made)

Every Kind of Footwear.**MADE TO ORDER.****OHERRY & CO.,**

6, D'AGUILAR STREET,

Opposite Kowloon Ferry, Hongkong.

Telephone Central No. 491

Hongkong, March 20, 1924.

WHY BUY FOREIGN**MADE SUITCASES**

When we sell Shanghai

Manufactured Suitcases?

They are Cheaper and

More Durable.

CHAO CHEUNG TRUNK CO.

(Opposite Yau Ma Tei Ferry, Kowloon)

ODDS & ENDS.**MAINLY SCISSORS LOOT.****The "Cutty Sark."**

The old "Cutty Sark's"

adventures in the China Seas

were recalled one evening

last month by a gathering

of seafaring men at Anderson's

Hotel, Fleet-street. The "Cutty

Sark," which is always regarded

as the most perfect specimen of a

British sailing ship, is once again

flying at her peak the familiar red

ensign under a wool and tea clipper

in the Pacific, and when she

won a wonderful name under her

fine old skipper, Captain Woodget.

The Seven Seas Club and the

Anchorites, the members of both

of which are men connected with

the Mercantile Marine, did a note-

worthy thing when they joined

forces, under the chairmanship of

Mr. F. W. Vincent, in order to pay

a compliment to Captain Woodget.

Captain Millett, in the course of

his speech, recalled that he sailed

in the "Cutty Sark" during the

closing years of his apprenticeship

but much as he loved the old ship,

it was nothing compared with the

love of her skipper. (Cheers.)

Among others present were the

following: Sir Alan Moore,

Captain Selwyn Day, Captain

Shankland, Captain Warwick

Green, R.N., Commander Lang,

Captain Reisenberg, Captain J. K.

Chase, Captain Widgery, Com-

mander Brooke Smith, Dr.

Ginsberg, Messrs. Campos, W. O.

Coombes, and A. J. Barnes.

Spelling Reform.

Mr. C. P. Trevelyan, President

of the Board of Education, received

a deputation which presented to

him a memorial on the subject of

spelling reform. The deputation,

which was introduced by Dr. T. J.

Macnamara, M.P., included

Mr. William Archer, Professor

W. Emery Barnes, Commander

Carlton Bellairs, M.P., Mr. Arthur

Henderson, M.P., Sir G. B.

Hunter, Sir Mark Hunter, Professor

Daniel Jones, Dr. Reginald W.

Macan, Professor T. Percy Nunn,

and Mr. W. H. Thompson.

All members of the deputation

represented the importance of the

adoption of a simple phonetic

orthography in schools, and

emphasised the importance of

reform, first as a method in educa-

tion, and, secondly, as it would

affect general usage. Stress was

also laid on the importance of

spelling reform in view of the

diffusion throughout the Empire

of English as the principal vehicle

of communication with the native

races of the Empire and also on

the growing acceptance of English

as an international language.

Mr. Trevelyan, in reply, stated that

he approached the problem with

an open mind. No one could

have any doubt about the difficul-

ties of the present system. The

problem was how to improve upon

it. He felt that no commission

could be expected to find a sci-

entific solution unless the supporters

of spelling reform were able, as a

preliminary, to decide upon an

agreed and definite scheme. He

promised to give further considera-

tion to the views which had been

laid before him.

Fracas at Wembley.

There was a round-up of men

peddling without licences at the

Empire Exhibition on July 31.

In the Canadian Pavilion Major

Turnbull, the ground superintendent,

endeavoured to stop a num-

ber of hawkers. Before the police

arrived on the scene the police

were severely handled and had to

receive medical attention. Several

detentions were made, and it is

expected proceedings will follow

before the Wembley magistrates.

Under Sea to France.

The old project of a Channel

Tunnel, has been again, in the

public eye recently. True, it has

again been "turned down," but the

supporters of the scheme do not

seem disposed to let matters rest

at that. This tunnel was being

discussed as long ago as 1795,

when Sir John Sinclair, a Parlia-

mentarian of those days, talked of

it to Montgolfier, the balloonist.

The point which most puzzled them

was how to provide ventilation.

"The only means we could con-

ceive for getting this obstacle

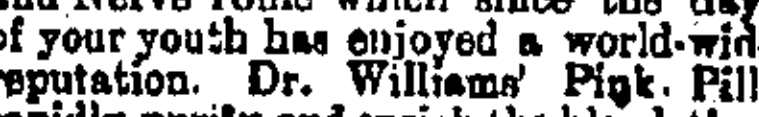
surmounted," wrote Sir John, "was

to compress air in barrels, and

transmit it in that state to be let

out in the centre of the excava-

tion."

**WHEN YOU CANNOT EAT**

Your Digestion Needs Tonic Treatment.

The Best Tonic for the Stomach and

For the Whole System is

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS

When you cannot eat, and food does

not tempt you, do not blame the food.

You are not hungry because you are

not digesting your food properly. The

cause of weak digestion is stomach weak-

ness due to a deficient secretion of the

digestive juices, lack of strength in the

nerves which control the stomach's

operation, and thin impoverished blood.

Therefore to restore your digestion to

normal healthy activity the one and only

speedy sure method is through the blood,

and for this purpose nothing can possibly

be better than a course of the Williams'

Pink Pills for Pale People, the Blood

and Nerve Tonic which since the days

of your youth has enjoyed a world-wide

reputation. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

rapidly purify and enrich the blood, they

make new, rich, red blood at every dose,

thus not only revitalizing the stomach

and nerves and restoring digestion, but

also eliminating the causes of nervous

debility, rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia

as well as building up the system. It runs

by over-work, excesses, malaria, or

other causes. Dealers everywhere sell

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, 60¢ per bottle,

\$1.50 per bottle, 8¢ for 6 bottles, from

the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 6

Kings Road, Shanghai.

Shaving Brush Secrets.

"Real badger hair, sir—only

three shillings." This was said to

the writer by way of pushing the

sale of a shaving brush, but the

description did not deceive.

Badgers are very, very rare in

Great Britain, and are becoming

rarer still every year. Even on

the Continent they are not numer-

ous. Then, as those who know

how delightfully springy a real

badger brush is can guess, only

the hair of certain parts of the

animal can be used. This reduces

the number of genuine badger-

hair brushes still more. Pigs'

bristles are too hard to take the

place of badger hair, while the

hair of other animals is mostly too

soft and not sufficiently resilient.

It is the opossum and the

mongoose which supply most of

the "badger-hair" used for

brushes. Why the badger should

have to shoulder a responsibility

which really belongs elsewhere is

one of the mysteries of trade

names which, like that "beaver

hat," and many others, puzzle the

ordinary man.

Pilgrim Fathers.

A stone monument erected by

the Hull Anglo-American Society

at Immingham Creek, on the Lin-

colnshire side of the Humber, to

commemorate the departure from

there of the Pilgrim Fathers of

Holland in 1609, was unveiled on

July 31 by Sir Charles Wakefield.

The top part of the monument con-

sists of a piece of grey granite

brought from the spot at Plymouth

Rock upon which the Pilgrim

Fathers landed in America. The

Lord Mayor of Hull, Mr. E.

Keighley, presided over the

ceremony, and Mrs. Winttingham,

M.P., was among the large number

of people present from both sides

of the Humber. His Majesty's

ship "Godetta," fishery cruiser, and

the Massachusetts State nautical

training ship "Nantucket" landed

parties, and four officers were pre-

sent from the United States des-

troyer "Dale," now at Hull.

Cadet Bradford, from the

"Nantucket," who can claim

descent from William Brad-

ford, one of the Pilgrims, laid

an evergreen wreath on the monu-

ment. In her speech Mrs. Wint-
tingham said that the fact of the Pilgrim
Fathers having first sailed from
that place had caused a good deal
of commotion in London. Her
colleague, Viscountess Astor, an
American, had always claimed
that they sailed first from Ply-
mouth, so, for the first time in their
lives, they had a serious difference
of opinion. Commander Cope-
land, of the "Nantucket," said
American ships, American officers,
and American crews had come to
assist in the ceremony and to help
to cement more firmly those bonds
of mutual friendship which sprang
from and had their source in the
common ideals, the indomitable
pluck, and the unequalled deter-

INTIMATIONS

CHINESE TELEGRAPH ADMINISTRATION

The public is hereby notified that in accordance with instructions from the Ministry of Communications at Peking, the following additional rates, in aid of the flood relief funds for the various provinces, will be made on all private and official telegrams transmitted through this Administration during the period September 11, 1924 to March 10, 1925.

To places in Kwangtung Province, 10 cents per telegram.
To places in other provinces, 20 cents per telegram.

To places in foreign countries, 30 cents per telegram.
There will be no additional charge on Press, "repeat" and service telegrams.

By Order,
CHINESE TELEGRAPH ADMINISTRATION,
Hongkong, September 10, 1924.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Fifty cents (50 cents) per share on the Old Shares (Fully Paid) and Three cents (3 cents) per share on the New Shares (\$1.00 Paid) has been declared for the half year ending 30th June, 1924.

Such Interim Dividend will be payable on and after TUESDAY, the 23rd September at the Offices of the Company, where shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be closed from the 13th September, 1924 until the 23rd September, 1924 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, 3rd September, 1924.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

TICKETS will be issued for Round Trips during the months of July to September, from Hongkong to Foochow (Pagoda Anchorage) and return, calling at Swatow and Anoy on both the upward and downward Voyage, by the Company's new, fast, well appointed steamer "Hai Ning" at the reduced rate of \$30 for the round Voyage, including Meals while the steamer is in port.

These Special Tickets will be available for return only by this steamer, either by the Voyage for which it is issued or by her following sailing from Foochow. Duration of stay at Foochow 48 hours.

The Trip occupies 8 to 9 days and the steamer will leave Hongkong from the Company's Wharf at 5 p.m. arriving at daylight on her return (Weather permitting).

The Company's Steam Launch will convey passengers from Pagoda Anchorage to Foochow City, if required.

For further particulars and dates of Sailing—

Apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAK & CO.,
General Managers,
DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO. LD.,
Hongkong, June 17, 1924.

RADIO

For best results use a RAYO-VAC Battery with your Receiving Set.

The "RAYO-VAC" Battery lasts longer, is made to withstand the climatic conditions of semi-tropical countries and is the Battery that will give you greatest satisfaction. There is nothing to beat it and its reputation is world-wide.

Both "A" (1½ volts specially made for WD-11 and WD-12 tubes) and "B" are now obtainable from

DE SOUSA & CO., LTD.
2nd Floor, St. George's Building,
Tel. No.—Central 1264.

MEN OF DISTINCTION
KEEP COOL IN
PALM BEACH SUITS

This is the mark of the genuine
At all good tailors

WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

25 WORDS 3 INSERTIONS.
\$1. PREPAID.
Every additional word 4 Cents for 3 insertions.

LOST.

LOST—On 8th instant, between Ice House Street and Central Market—Ohlong Platinum Watch—Reward to Finder. N. Kim, c/o Golf Club, Bank of Canton Building.

TO LET.

TO LET—Two Godowns, or shops, in DUDELL STREET. For Particulars apply to—H. K. Rutherford & Son, 16, Queen's Road.

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Write to
G. MOUSSON
c/o "China Mail" office.

INTIMATIONS.

NOTICE.

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE reopens for MICHAELMAS TERM on MONDAY, September 15th, 1924. Boarders return on 13th instant. Entrance Examination for new boys will be held on SATURDAY, September 13th, 1924, at 9 A.M.
Hongkong, 10th Sept., 1924.

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE FOURTH YEARLY DRAWING OF TWENTY DEBENTURES of the Hongkong Club (1920 issue—\$500 each) was held in the Club House, on MONDAY, the 8th September, 1924, when the following Debentures were drawn for redemption:

17	266	416	757
62	291	424	762
64	375	586	764
179	396	600	826
213	411	607	837

and will be payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on Tuesday, the 30th September, 1924, in exchange for surrender of same.

By Order,
T. A. ROBERTSON, Lt. Col.
Secretary,
Hongkong, 8th September, 1924.

TUNG SANG

TAILOR

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Suits made to order.

TANG YUK, Dressmaker

14, D'Almeida Street.

TERMS VERY MODERATE.

Consultation Free.

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PRECIOUS STONES

Also A Fine Selection OF

Rings, Pendants and Cuff Links

(British make.)

obtainable at

SHERIFF BROTHERS.

69, Queen's Rd., Ctd.

HIGH CLASS BOOTS AND SHOES



Made to order. ROYAL & CO.
No. 1, D'Almeida Street

MR LEE CHOON-GUAN.

SUDDEN PASSING OF SINGAPORE LEADER.

Singapore learnt this morning with much regret that the Hon. Mr. Lee Choon-guan, J.P., the leading member of the local Chinese community, suddenly passed away (at the comparatively early age of 56) last evening at his residence, Mandalay Villa, Tanjong Katong, says the "Straits Times" of August 27. It was generally known for some months that the deceased gentleman had not been in the best of health, suffering as he was almost continuously from an affection of the kidneys, which was directly responsible for his death.

The activities of the late Mr. Lee Choon-guan were many. He was one of the Chinese members of the Legislative Council, to which he was nominated as an acting member in 1918, and his views whenever he had reason to give expression to them on the more important subjects that came before the Legislature were always listened to with respect and sympathy. When it is remembered that he filled the vacancy caused by the departure of such a brilliant member as Dr. Lim Boon-keng, it speaks well for his tact and other qualities that he was able to command the hearing of the Government and the confidence of his countrymen during the period that he sat at the Council table.

Socially, the late Mr. Lee Choon-guan leaves a gap that it will be hard to fill. The entertainments that he, supported by Mrs. Lee Choon-guan, M.B.E., gave from time to time at Mandalay Villa, were features in the social life of this city. Possessing an affability that rendered him very popular with all communities, the deceased gentleman displayed in his social activities those qualities which belong to a man who was born to riches, had travelled extensively in Europe, and was imbued with European tastes, though it could never be said of him that what he had borrowed from the West tended in any way to alienate his sympathies for things Eastern. Hence the wide esteem which he enjoyed. The deceased leaves behind him a widow (Mrs. Lee Choon-guan, M.B.E.), three sons (Mr. Lee Pang-seng, J.P., Municipal Commissioner, Messrs. Lee Pang-chuan and Lee Pang-soo), three daughters (Mrs. Choa Eng-wan, Mrs. Tan Soon-keng and Miss Lee Poh-neo), and several grandchildren.

Much sympathy will be extended to the bereaved widow, children and other relatives on the loss they have sustained.

The flags on ships of the Straits Steamship Co., in which the deceased was a large shareholder, were half-masted to-day as well as that at the Weekly Entertainment Club of which he was a member since its foundation. Messrs. Chan Sze Onn and Co's offices were closed to-day out of respect to the deceased.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.
The following details of his career are taken from *One Hundred Years' History of the Chinese in Singapore*—

Mr. Lee Choon-guan was born in 1868 and was educated privately. He served as assistant in his father's business of Lee Cheng Yan and Co., Chop Chiu Joo, where he acquired his training as a merchant and financier. He became sole proprietor in 1911. In the early days of the Straits Chinese Recreation Club Mr. Lee Choon-guan was an enthusiastic member and a keen tennis player, and for some years held the office of President of the Club. For five years he sat as elected member

OPERA QUEUES.

POLICE DEAL WITH SHARKS.

London, July 27.—The last night of the D'Oyly Carte season of Gilbert and Sullivan operas, which began in February, started, not yesterday, as one might think, but on Friday morning at ten o'clock, when the first woman took her place in the queue; she is a cripple and an intrepid "last-nighter." She was not alone; some eighty others spent the pouring wet night with her, knitting, chatting and singing lustily songs from their beloved operas.

The queue comprised people of all sorts, for there was quite a number of children, a sprinkling of boy scouts, clergymen and music enthusiasts, who brought the score with them. One girl had been to the operas 111 times this season, and thinks she holds the record. The first man in the pit queue took his place at eleven o'clock on Friday night and, at nine yesterday morning, his wife went proxy for some hours.

It rained during the night, but the people outside the pit and gallery enjoyed themselves. Although the first woman who took up a place outside the gallery arrived at ten o'clock on Friday morning, it was not until 12 hours later that the first person, a man, arrived outside the pit.

SECRET OF THE PLAY.

At midnight on Friday, a woman nearly 70 years old, arrived. Nearly all the people who waited knew each other well, because they wait in these queues for every first night and last night when Gilbert and Sullivan comes to Town. When they had been waiting for many hours, another queue lined up. This was waiting for the last performance but one, that which took place yesterday afternoon.

As usual on the last night, the evening's programme was unknown until the curtain went up. Not even the company knew what they were to act in until they arrived and found in the dressing-rooms the clothes set out for the evening's performance. Then they found that it was "Trial by Jury," one act of The Pirates of Penzance, and one act of "Iolanthe." At the end of the show, last night, there were wildly hysterical scenes, which went on for long after the curtain fell.

The police, yesterday, took their first action to deal with a queue scandal that has long gone on in the West End.

When tickets were served out yesterday morning to the queue waiting for the last performance, and the waiting people dispersed, the police turned away several men whom they suspected being undesirable speculators.

Such men take a person's place in the queue for a time "for a shilling," but when the playgoer returns—if it is a woman—as much as 5s. is sometimes demanded from her.

Thefts have also often occurred in the theatre queues.

for Central Ward on the Municipal Board.

Following in his father's footsteps, he has taken a great interest in public affairs and in all movements for the social and educational advancement of the Straits Chinese community. He is a J.P., and a member of the Chinese Advisory Board of the Committee of Management, Tan Tock Seng Hospital. He served on the Singapore Housing Commission and on the Board of Food Control. For many years he has been a director of the Straits Steamship Co. Ltd., and the South British Insurance Co., Ltd. (Malayan branch) and is Chairman of Directors of the Chinese Commercial Bank. A number of rubber, tin and industrial companies has the advantage of his valuable experience and sound counsel as a director.

By his first wife, who was a daughter of the late Mr. Wee Boon-teck, he has two sons, Lee Pang-seng and Lee Pang-chuan, both well educated young men of great promise, and two daughters, Mrs. Choa Eng-wan and Mrs. Tan Soon-keng. On the death of his first wife, Mr. Lee Choon-guan married a daughter of the late Mr. Tan Keong-saik, and has a son Lee Pang-soo, who like his elder brothers was educated in England, and a daughter Miss Lee Poh-neo. Mr. and Mrs. Lee Choon-guan have travelled extensively and have made more than one trip round the world.

Endowed with a considerable fortune, Mr. Lee Choon-guan has given liberally to charitable and educational institutions, including a handsome gift of \$50,000 to the proposed Methodist College. He and his wife each gave \$5,000 to the building fund of the St. Andrew's Mission Hospital for Women and Children. During the absence of Dr. Lim Boon-keng in China, towards the end of 1918, the late Mr. Lee Choon-guan was acting Chinese member of the Legislative Council.

MAIL WEEK NEWS.

ITEMS FROM FAR AND NEAR.

Thirty holes were found drilled in a back door of Lloyds Bank in Kingston-road, Portsmouth.

Two thousand chickens were destroyed by a fire at a poultry farm at Corstorphine, Edinburgh.

In the last three years 25,768 new dwelling-houses have been completed in the Greater London area.

Fire completely destroyed the factory of Messrs. Gray, Parker, & Co., Ltd., skin and hide dressers, Northampton.

Superintendent C. Collins, Scotland Yard's expert on finger-prints, is retiring.

The House of Lords has passed the Seditious and Blasphemous Teaching to Children Bill.

Fire broke out on a military motor-lorry as it was travelling along Bourley-road, Aldershot, laden with field hospital kit, and destroyed the vehicle.

Mr. Ernest William Tame, town clerk of Dudley, Worcestershire, has been appointed town clerk of Birkenhead at a salary of £1,600 a year, rising to £2,000.

Five motor-cars were damaged by skidding on a new road at the bottom of Wrotham Hill, Kent, during the week-end.

Fatal street accidents in the Metropolitan Police area during the three months ended June numbered 209, compared with 175 and 189 in the preceding quarters respectively.

Mr. A. Duff Cooper, husband of Lady Diana Cooper, is recommended as prospective Conservative candidate for Oldham. He has resigned his position at the Foreign Office.

The City of London Police Commissioner has intimated to the organisers of the Stock Exchange Derby sweepstake that if it is organised next year a prosecution will follow.

An inquest is to be held on Alderman Charles Branch, 73, chairman of the Eastbourne Watch Committee, and for more than 30 years a member of the Town Council, who died of blood poisoning, due to a gnaw bite.

Sir John Rose-Bradford, late member of the Senate, University of London has been adopted as Conservative candidate for the London University parliamentary by-election, caused by the death of Sir Sydney Russell-Wells, U. The Liberal candidate is Professor A. F. Pollard.

THE TELEPHONE HANDBOOK

The Sixth issue of the TELEPHONE HANDBOOK has been published in JULY, 1924.

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK consists of an up-to-date and accurate index of Telephone Subscribers, the numbers being given in sequence.

SPECIMEN PAGE

Central—22	The Newspaper Enterprise Ltd., 5, Wyndham Street
Central—22	"China Mail" (Newspaper), 5, Wyndham Street
Central—22	The Dollar Directory Co., 5, Wyndham Street
Central—22	Telephone Handbook, 5, Wyndham Street
Central—22	"Hongkong Sunday Herald," 5, Wyndham Street
Peak—22	MacCourtney, F. D., Residence, 358, The Peak
Kowloon—22	Green Island Cement Co., Ltd., Cement Works, Hok-on
Central—23	Jordan, Forsyth, Groves, Aubrey, Urquhart, Lyon Brown & Macgowan, Drs., Alexandra Buildings
Central—23	Brown, Dr. Lyon, Office, Alexandra Buildings
Central—23	Forsyth, Dr. O., Office, Alexandra Buildings
Central—23	Macgowan, Dr. J. O., Office, Alexandra Buildings
Peak—23	Brown, Mr. N. S., Residence, 183, The Peak
Peak—23	Butterfield and Swire, Mr. N. S. Brown, Residence, 184, The Peak
Kowloon—23	Ye Fong Chan, 156, Temple Street, Yau-mat
Central—24	Tak Shun Bank, 155, Queen's Road, Central
Peak—24	Bull, A. Dyer, Residence, 184, The Peak
Kowloon—24	Dixon, H., Residence, 4, Lyceum Villas, Chatham Road

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK has met a want which has long been felt amongst users of the Telephone; as it provides an easy means of ascertaining the name of the Subscriber without the necessity of a search through the ordinary alphabetical directory.

The TELEPHONE HANDBOOK costs \$1 per copy and is sold on the strict understanding that on the publication of a new one the old one will be returned to the publishers. The proviso is made in the interests of Subscribers in view of the frequent changes that take place.

ORDER.

THE HONGKONG DOLLAR DIRECTORY CO., 5, Wyndham St.

Please supply me with _____ copy of the July-December, 1924 issue of the Telephone Handbook at \$1 per copy. I agree to return this copy to you on application when a new Handbook is published.

Enclosed \$ _____
Name _____
Address _____
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A Skilful blend of the finest matured Highland Whiskies. A happy result of long years of experience in distilling and blending; with a fine flavour that cannot fail to assure appreciation from the most discriminating palate.

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"Keltic" are made in Scotland to please the British taste, to meet every requirement for good form and GOOD WEAR. They are Guaranteed Solid leather throughout.

Price from \$18.50.

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Established 1884. 51-53, Connaught Road Central.
Shipchangers, Hardware Merchants and General Storekeepers.
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RIBBON DENTAL CREAM.

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The Hongkong Trading Co. Ltd.

HONGKONG.

When Your Eyes Have
Lost Their Youth.

SEE

N. LAZARUS.

Hongkong's Only European
Optician.

BIRTH.

VAN GIJN.—On September 4, at the Victoria Nursing Home, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. A. W. M. van Gijn, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

HOUGHTON—PHILBEY.—On September 4, at H.B.M. Consulate-General, Shanghai, Charles Houghton, Crawford, Washington, U.S.A., formerly of Shanghai, to Elizabeth Anne Philbey, of Tientsin, North China.

CAULDER—MELVILLE.—On June 14, Ernest Caulder, of Worcester Lodge, Grove Crescent, Kingston, to Ada Blanche Melville, of Shanghai.

Reuter, was to be expected. It is partially a political move no doubt which need not be taken seriously. That astute politician, Mr. Lloyd George, according to today's cable, seized upon it in his speech at Penmaenulir. The commercial opposition, however, is far more serious. Presumably it indicates that British trade magnates have no faith in Russian pledges. It has been patent for some months that the Bolsheviks are making a last desperate effort to prolong their despotism by stirring up revolution in other countries. Their action in Peking and Canton recently is too well-known to call for more than passing notice.

The well-known German publicist, Herr Adolf Grabowski, after completing a three months' investigation in Russia, gave a lecture in Berlin.

In the course of his address, the speaker said the Communist party, which really ruled Russia, had developed into an organization run on the lines of a religious order in which every member lived under

unrelaxing observation and control. As this Communist order was sacrosanct from criticism, it was steadily falling into a state of marasmus. Trotsky, whom Grabowski regards as Russia's coming man, had tried to introduce fresh air into the isolation chamber, but so far had been unsuccessful. He was, however, the only genius among Russia's leading men, and had realised that neither Communism nor co-operation could suffice for the economic needs of the country. But even doctrinaire Communists knew that the present tendency was back to Capitalism. That was why they were working feverishly for a world-revolution, of which a civil war in Germany, planned to take place within the next eight months, was to be the opening phase. If the world-revolution did not come off, Russia would have to choose between the admission of foreign capital, which would necessarily mean also the victory of domestic Capitalism and universal barter. As the latter would mean the death by starvation of many millions of people, the Bolsheviks would not be able to avoid an appeal to capital. This Trotsky clearly recognised, and he wanted to adjust the Communist system to that of Western Europe.

In face of the general attitude of the Bolsheviks, it is easily conceivable that Chambers of Commerce of important centres like London, Manchester, Glasgow and Coventry are opposed to the ratification of the Anglo-Soviet Treaty at the moment. The opposition is on the whole a healthy sign; and, provided it does not lead to more than careful reconsideration of the situation and insistence on guarantees that will satisfy the leaders of British Trade, is to be commended.

Free Library Needed.

Every year the Hongkong Government, public institutions and various Chinese gentlemen devote large sums of money to the cause of Chinese education in the Colony. When compared with the number of private schools where only Chinese was taught, say twenty years ago, it must be admitted that immense strides have been made until to-day, even the poorest Chinese had facilities to learn to read and write. Since so much has been accomplished, surprise has been expressed at the absence of a Chinese public library where literature can be provided for those inclined towards the pursuit of learning. Some years ago, we believe, a Mr. Tam Wing-kwong started a private venture and was for a time successful until the subscribers began to get behind with their contributions. In reality, Mr. Tam's scheme was the equivalent of a book club; and, although it only enjoyed a brief existence it served its purpose while it lasted. We commend the idea to our Chinese philanthropists who, we feel, will be sure to be encouraged and materially assisted by the authorities. A free public library for the Chinese would supply a want and do more for the cause of education than merely giving fixed grants to free schools.

The U.S. Airmen.

The American flight may be said to have come to a successful conclusion as it is highly improbable that victory in their fight with the elements will be snatched from the American aviators on the last lap. They are the first airmen to have established for their country the distinction of discovering and traversing airways which can be accepted as established routes for the airmen of the world; and although the time may be far distant when regular aerial services between the places touched at will be established, much valuable experience will have been gained for long distance flying. Since they left Hongkong they have certainly hustled to good effect and although they have no doubt had to leave many places in the uncharted state in which the leader of the expedition admitted to a "China Mail" representative that he was forced to say farewell to Hongkong, they have the satisfaction that they have accomplished the journey in two weeks under the maximum time (six weeks) estimated. A schedule of approximate times of arrivals, which was drawn up at the time the flight was inaugurated, rather optimistically gave the date of arrival home by the end of the second week in

August. According to this schedule, the fliers should have been in Hongkong on May 8; whereas they were not here until June 9. It will be seen from their time of arrival in the U.S. that from Hongkong onward even these times, representing as they did the very minimum in which it was thought that the stages could be done, were kept to strictly and the airmen are still only that month behind. This in spite of the enforced delay at Tourane where the engine, which had been welded at Hongkong, forced the leader to descend and await the arrival of a new one from Saigon. The only other mishap since their departure from here was a serious one and involved the dropping out of Lieut. Wade. One may almost feel inclined to place credence in the report that this gallant aviator was on the point of tears, ludicrous as it may seem to many who remember his rugged unemotional countenance. Had he not covered 19,000 of this historic world flight! And now his companions have completed their task, for task it must have been to them although they may rightly look back on it as a great and successful adventure. They have flown 25,000 miles and have passed through 22 countries. It is a feat of which they may well be proud and has certainly established the feasibility of an airway round the world.

SHADOWS BEFORE.

Coming Events Advertised
in The Mail.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

September 11.—Coronet Theatre; "Kick In."
September 11.—World Theatre; "What's Wrong With The Women."
September 11.—Queen's Theatre; "The Storm Daughter."
September 11.—Star Theatre; "The World's Champion."
Friday, Sept. 26.—Promenade Concert at Volunteer Headquarters at 9.15 p.m.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

September 11.—Lummet Bros., at Sales Room, Duddell St., postage stamps, 5.15 p.m.
September 12.—Lummet Bros., at Sales Room, valuable household furniture, etc., 2.30 p.m.

COMPANY MEETINGS.

September 16.—Extraordinary general meeting of The China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., at the Registered Office of the Company, Pedder Street, noon.
October 3.—Second meeting of the China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., at Co.'s Office, Pedder Street, noon.
October 18.—Extraordinary General Meeting of Douglas S.S. Co., Ltd., at the Registered Office of the Company, 20 Des Voeux Road, Central, noon.
October 20.—Third meeting of The China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., at Co.'s Office, Pedder Street, noon.
November 5.—Further extraordinary meeting of Douglas S.S. Co., Ltd., at 20 Des Voeux Road Central, noon.

OTHER MEETINGS.

September 12.—Annual meeting of the Hongkong Hockey Club in the H.K.C.C. Pavilion, 5.30 p.m.
September 12.—Rev. J. P. Mackie will conduct Bible Circle at the Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A London telegram says the number of unemployed has increased by 137,000 to 1,162,000.

The Manila Observatory yesterday afternoon issued warning of a typhoon in about 12deg. Long. E. and 20deg. Lat. N. direction unknown.

The case in which the owners of the Ming Yuen Garden sought to evict sundry tenants, came to an end at the Central Magistracy yesterday, all the summonses being dismissed.

A fine of \$25 was imposed on Yuen-Pui for leaving a large quantity of building material at the junction of Shan Tung Street and Reclamation Street on September 9, at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday morning.

Shortly after noon yesterday the Central Fire Station received a call to attend a fire at St. Joseph's Building, Robinson Road. On arrival there, the detachment found that the outbreak was no more than a chimney fire, which was put out without difficulty.

Mr. Lacey, who is suffering from rheumatism, is expected to be well enough to participate in the second polo match for the International Cup. The game, should be played on Saturday, provided the first match had taken place to-day. The latest advice is that the first game will be played on Saturday.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A Chinese coolie was this morning fined \$10 for ill-treating fowls at Connaught Road Central.

Mr. James Dalziel and family, with Mr. Tom Wright, are touring England and Scotland in a motor caravan. They were last heard from in Minehead, North Somerset, and were leaving for the north.

A Chinese grocer, summoned by the Sun Maid Raisin Growers' Association for an alleged offence against the Trade Mark law, failed to put in an appearance at the Central Magistracy yesterday. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

A message from New York dated yesterday, says that the "World" learns that robbers stole jewels worth several hundred thousands of dollars, the property of Mrs. Coaden, Lady Mountbatten and three other guests, from the Hong Island home of Mr. J. S. Coaden.

Cheung Ping-fan and Wong Wai were each fined \$3 by Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy this morning. They were found in a Public Works Department's Godown without permission last night. They were discovered by a P.W.D. Officer of the Godown, during a gambling raid made by the police.

The agent of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, courteously informs the "China Mail" that he is in receipt of the following telegram from the Head Office in London:—"The Directors have declared an interim dividend for the half year ended 30th, June at the rate of 14% per annum free of income tax."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Lieut. A. L. Surrey, 1st Bn. East Surrey Regt. has been posted for a tour of duty as Acting Adjutant at the regimental depot. He left here by the s.s. "Kalyan."

Captain E. J. Cooper has been posted to the 2nd Bn. East Surrey Regiment, accompanied by Mrs. Cooper and their two children. He sailed for Home on the s.s. "Kalyan."

The Rev. W. P. O'Connor, Roman Catholic chaplain, who is an Irish padre, has been appointed to the "Hawkins," flagship of the China Station, for duty at Hongkong.

The Colonial Secretary courteously informs the "China Mail" that Mr. E. R. Hallifax represented the Government of Hongkong at the funeral of the late Mr. A. G. Stephen and laid a wreath upon the grave.

Mr. John Korf, of Messrs. Andersen and Meyer, sails tomorrow, by the "President Madison" for Shanghai to take up a new appointment with the firm's branch there. Mr. Korf has made a host of friends here, who, while regretting his departure, will wish him every success in his new home.

A report from London states that Mr. R. H. Clive, the British Consul-General in Munich, who was formerly Counselor of Legation and Chargé d'Affaires in Peking, has been appointed to Tangier as British Agent and Consul-General. During the tenure of his office in Munich Mr. Clive carried out an extensive and very delicate enquiry into the political conditions there in connection with the late threatened monarchist revival, his report being regarded as a major document on the issue.

The Rev. Arthur Polhill, of the China Inland Mission, who went to China in 1885 as one of the Cambridge Seven, has just returned to Renhold, Bedfordshire, for twelve months' furlough. During the last two periods of service he has been working in the city of Suling in Eastern Szechuan. In his evangelistic tours he has travelled over a wide district, 250 miles in length and 50 miles in breadth, this region containing at least five walled cities and hundreds of villages. This district has had its full share of the civil war and brigandage, and it has been Mr. Polhill's privilege on more than one occasion successfully to intervene between hostile forces. Although the missionaries have been kept from bodily harm, yet the Mission premises near Suling have more than once suffered damage from bullets. The work in this centre consists of the itinerant evangelistic work, pastoral charge of a number of Churches, and schools for boys and girls. Mr. Polhill has travelled with his husband, and has been carrying on work amongst the women and girls, says the Bedfordshire "Times" and Independent.

Push in the Shanghai.

It is most annoying to find an automobile stuck in a traffic jam, and it is even more annoying to find it stuck in a traffic jam in Shanghai.

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REIGN OF TERROR.

RIVER DELTA PIRATES
AGAIN ACTIVE.

MACHINE-GUNS USED.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Pukkee, Kowloon, Sept. 10. Ammunition of all kinds was generously used in a piracy on a towed-passenger ferry in this part of the river delta, when at least three innocent people are known to have been killed.

This time the victim was the junk plying between Kowloon and Taumoon, the latter being quite close to the well-known passage by name of Gaemoon. No sooner than the pirates appeared the launch severed the rope and put on steam; by mowing the gauntlet of a determined attack with machine-guns she escaped.

Left stranded and at the mercy of the pirates; those on board the junk underwent a nerve-racking time. They put up no resistance but nevertheless they were fired at indiscriminately. Eighty persons, including the junk's complement, were taken away into captivity and the vessel was ransacked from stem to stern. The pirates were seen later making towards Poo Hang, an island off Gaemoon.

Organised Attack.

As is usual in these parts, troops arriving to succour a beleaguered village generally get to the scene after the raiders have disappeared. Last night an organised attack was made on a suburb of Sanwui city when the bandits looted 18 houses, took away 19 persons for ransom and shot down two who had the pluck to resist. Before the district magistrate and his troops arrived the bandits had disappeared with their loot and captives.

A Running Battle.

In my last report, I mentioned that a gang of bandits, numbering over a hundred strong, had been sighted on the hillsides near the Kamchuk lighthouse. At the time it was predicted that they had taken up the positions so as to be able to menace passing river craft and thus extract blackmail which is described as "safe-conduct money." General Li Fook-lum, Governor of Honan, who has been conscientiously waging a campaign against marauders in all parts of the delta, sent a detachment against this gang. A running fight ensued and it is believed that both sides are still running and fighting intermittently to-day.

In a dense mist, Ng Kau, the officer in charge of the operations, broke into the bandit stronghold at Kong Mei. In the first flush of success the troops captured one bandit but the remainder escaped. The chase was followed up as far as Tung Ma Ling where fighting continued. That solitary capture by the troops has cost them dearly as they have had nineteen killed and many minor casualties. It is stated that the local commander will continue the fight until reinforcements arrive from Canton.

British Gunboats.

H.M.S. "Robin" created a pleasant surprise here by entering port with a steam-launch in tow. It is thought that the latter has been captured.

In addition to the "Robin" the "Tamar" and the "Moon" have also paid us a visit this week. As the regular troops have been concentrating on the subject of the general strike, pirates have become more active and the presence of the British warships is very welcome to the natives.

Flood Relief Bazaar.

Last night the flood relief bazaar was opened at Kowloon with much pomp and ceremony.

LOITERER FINED.

"MOVE ON" ORDER
DISOBEYED.

For disobeying the order of an Indian Police Sergeant, a coolie was fined \$1 by Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Hongkong Court this morning.

It appeared that the defendant was found standing outside the doorsteps of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Steamship Services Co., by the Sergeant, who twice ordered him to move off and not cause an obstruction there. The order was ignored and the offender was taken into custody.

MOORING STAKE.

COST FOUR DOLLARS.

A boatman was brought before Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Magistracy this morning for driving an old fire into the sea wall at the Central Praya for the purpose of mooring his boat.

His Worship asked the defendant, "Do you wish to pull down the seawall?" Defendant replied that driving one fire into the wall could not pull it down. His Lordship said: "If everybody did the same thing, the sea wall would be pulled down." A fine of four dollars was imposed.

PASSPORT INCIDENT.

A CONSIDERATION THAT
FAILED.

A man from "up country" who came to Hongkong with the intention of going on to America and who entered into an agreement with a Hongkong firm by which they guaranteed to get him a first-class passage and a passport, was the plaintiff in an action in the Summary Court this morning before His Honour Mr. Justice A. Dyer Ball.

Wong Kim-po claimed \$800, the balance of \$1,200 paid by him to the defendant (the Lai San Co. and Chung Tat-chui) for a consideration that had failed.

Mr. E. S. C. Brooks represented the plaintiff and Mr. N. I. Brewer the defendant.

Mr. Brooks said that the contract was entered into in November, 1923, plaintiff paying \$1,200 on the understanding that when he arrived at his destination he was to pay the balance (another \$1,200) to the Hongkong firm. If the passport was not obtained within the limits of the year and if, through disease, he was not able to get into America the money paid was to be refunded. The actual words of the contract which was handed in as evidence was that "no words to refuse payment under any perplexity will be allowed."

Plaintiff in evidence said that \$400 of the money had been returned in May and the rest had been promised in July. It had not been paid.

Contract Illegal.

Mr. Brewer said that his case rested on the claim that the contract was illegal and that his clients were only the agents and not the principals. There were three people who had signed similar contracts to the one in question.

Originally a meeting was held in Canton at which his clients were not present and a Mr. Li—who was the real principal in the case by virtue of his position in the American Consulate—said that he would get the passports for these three men to get into America by describing them as officials attached to the Consulate. Mr. Li proceeded to Shanghai and the arrangement was that he should give these men letters of introduction to Lyson & Co., in Hongkong, who were to receive the money solely as agents and transmit to him in Shanghai. The final arrangements were completed in Hongkong, and as soon as the money was received it was taken to the Bank of Asia and transmitted to Shanghai. Plaintiff had been worrying Chung Tat-chui for the money in spite of his repeated disclaimers of responsibility; eventually he paid them \$400 each, believing that he had a certain amount of liability as guarantor. From the nature of the contract Mr. Brewer claimed that his client had no responsibility whatever. (Case proceeding.)

MAJOR ZANNI.

PERMISSION GIVEN TO
ALIGHT HERE.

On inquiry from the Asiatic Petroleum Co. to-day, it was learned that no further news had been received from Hapshong about Major Zanni, the Argentine aviator, who is calling at Hongkong on his flight round the world.

The "Chukwa Maru" which took his new plane on from Hongkong should have arrived at Hapshong on Monday and it is now presumed that Major Zanni is getting his machine ready.

Permission has been given by the Hongkong Government for the seaplane to come down in that part of the harbour between Stonecutter's and Luchikok.

HARBOUR COLLISION.

S.S. "FOOSHING" HITS
COAL LIGHTER.

LAUNCH COXSAIN'S STORY.

Last yesterday afternoon, the Indo-China s.s. "Fooshing" collided with a steam-launch, which was towing two coal-lighters, one on each side.

In his report, the launch coxswain says that he was taking his craft from "Yau-mai" to a P. & O. steamer lying in the Central Railway. On sighting the "Fooshing," he blew a blast on his whistle and the "Fooshing" replied accordingly. About five minutes later the "Fooshing" blew one blast and he replied; then a few seconds passed and, according to the coxswain, the "Fooshing" blew two blasts. He also blew two blasts; but it was then too late to avoid a collision and the "Fooshing" struck the launch which was tied to the starboard of the launch.

The launch No. 2827 was damaged to the extent of about \$500, its anchors being fast through the impact.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, SEPT. 11, 1924.

ANGLO-SOVIET TREATY.

Regrettable as the opposition to the ratification of the Anglo-Soviet Treaty undoubtedly is, the announcement, as scabbed by

GENERAL WAR IN CHINA.

FIERCE ENGAGEMENT BETWEEN ARMIES
NEAR SHANGHAI FOR STRATEGIC
POINTS.

POWERS TAKE FIRM STAND.

Fighting Forbidden On Huangpu.

Reports that have reached Hongkong during the last 12 hours indicate that the Chekiang and Kiangsu forces have had a fierce struggle in the Hing sector. West of Lake Taihu, where the latter have lost a stronghold. Chang Tso-lin, it appears, has already a division of troops on the border between Manchuria and Chihli. Thus, any likelihood of his declaration of war having been a bluff is dispelled once for all.

Russians are said to be active in directing operations on the side of Chekiang.

The most significant news is that the Powers have made it perfectly clear to both parties in the Chekiang-Kiangsu conflict that fighting will not be tolerated anywhere on the waters of the Huangpu, from and including Woosung to the Arsenal. The harbour of Shanghai and approaches to it must remain absolutely neutral.

Reports from Kalgan state that some sort of political upheaval has occurred at Urga and several foreigners have been arrested. No details are to hand.

Peking Opinion.

(Reuter's Service.)

Peking, September 10.

Leading foreigners here almost unanimously deprecate the suggestion the Powers should intervene in the Chinese war. Intervention, it is calculated, would retard reunification, which otherwise is possibly in sight.

Chang Is Ready.

(Reuter's Service.)

Shanghai, September 10.

An announcement from Marshal Lu Yung-hsiang's headquarters states that definite news has been received that Marshal Chang Tso-lin mobilised his army at full strength on September 7.

One division has already reached the Manchurian border.

Activity is reported in the Hing sector. West of Lake Taihu, where the Chekiang troops captured a Kiangsu stronghold on the canal, which is the main stream for the transportation of supplies from Taihu Lake.

Reuter's Opinion.

An exclusive message to the "Daily Bulletin," dated yesterday, reads in part:—

Reuter's special correspondent with the Kiangsu army says that Chi Hsieh-yuan apparently is making preparations for breaking through at Huangpu.

Here the Chekiang forces, although facing big odds, occupy easily defensible positions between the two creeks westward and eastward of the railway station, and they have kept the Kiangsu forces at bay ever since they retired before the Kiangsu offensive begun on September 3.

The Chekiang troops are now entrenched in shallow trenches, and with machine-guns and a few big guns they have kept up a heavy fire, which has been responsible for many casualties.

The fiercest fighting on the whole front has taken place in this sector, and it is estimated that at least 2,000 casualties have been inflicted on the Kiangsu forces.

The big military hospital at Quinsan and the Red Cross hospitals at Soochow are full, and hundreds of cases have been taken to Changchow and Nanking.

Twice the Kiangsu forces have captured the Huangpu station and its fortified position, causing the Chekiang troops to retreat, but the latter still hold it.

The Kiangsu troops hold the west bank of the main creek, which is spanned by a three-span bridge, and according to official communiques they are still pressing on towards Huangpu.

Over the week-end five or six trains filled with troops have been daily concentrated in this sector. Two trains of troops were withdrawn from the Hing front and sent to Huangpu on Monday as part of obvious preparations for breaking through.

At this point Chi Hsieh-yuan has a larger concentration of troops than at any other single point.

On Saturday, a certain amount of apprehension was felt at Quinsan, the Kiangsu base, and it was intended to move the base to Soochow, but the report has not yet realised. Nevertheless, it is significant that seven complete trains were kept standing by with steam up in Quinsan station for several hours.

Two brigades of General Feng Yu-hsiang's troops entrained at Peking on Sunday, according to a Kiangsu communique, for the Quinsan front, supporting the contention that Chi Hsieh-yuan intends to launch a big offensive at this point and make a direct frontal attack on Shanghai.

A Chekiang Gain.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, September 10.

Early this morning, the Chekiang troops successfully counter-attacked to the south of Anting (on the railway) and pursued the Kiangsu troops to Pak-koh River. The Kiangsu army suffered many killed and wounded.

A claim has been made that Chekiang has captured over 100,000 rounds of 7.5 ammunition, several machine-guns, and about thirty rank and file with their rifles.

Abuse of Red Cross.

In a heavy rainstorm late on Tuesday night, a platoon of Kiangsu troops, disguised as Red Cross workers, attempted to enter the Chekiang lines at Liuhu. They were detected, captured and sent to divisional headquarters at Lung-hwa.

Attack On Hing.

A Chinese news-agency states that the second Chekiang army, after occupying a key position to the south of Hing, stormed that town for two days and nights despite adverse weather.

The Kiangsu defenders are said to have been worsted and preparing to vacate the town.

[There are one or two foreign Christian missions at Hing.]

On account of the strategic importance of Hing, Marshal Chi Hsieh-yuan has gone to Shanghai-chow (?) where he has established temporary headquarters.

Capture Confirmed.

Natives who have fled to Soochow from Hing confirm the capture by Chekiang of strategic keys to Hing.

The preliminary onslaughts on Hing were in the nature of feelers; but subsequently both sides used artillery to effect.

The Chekiang headquarters in the Hing sector announce that a brigade of Kiangsu men has made overtures to surrender and their offer has been accepted.

Both sides are, at the same, converging on and retiring from Kiatinghsien (about halfway between Liuhu and the Shanghai-Nanking Railway and approximately 20 miles from Shanghai) and important developments are expected.

In several places, the opposing sides are very far from one another and not trying to get to grips.

Village Razed.

On a detached sector near the Liuhu front, Chekiang troops enveloped two companies of Kiangsu troops which, however, fought their attackers to a standstill.

After an infantry attack of an hour and a half, artillery were brought up and the village in which the Kiangsu men were posted, was razed to the ground.

Which Is True?

(Reuter's Service.)

Peking, September 10.

According to a Chinese report the second and third Chekiang divisions have declared independence under the Civil Governor, Chang Tsai-yang. The War Office believes the report and predicts it will cause a complete alteration in Lu Yung-hsiang's plans.

Shanghai, September 10.

Lu Yung-hsiang's headquarters here characterise as absolutely untrue the report above-mentioned.

Press Comment.

London, September 10.

The "Times" states that 10s per cent. per one month was quoted yesterday as cover for goods for Shanghai against risks of aircraft damage only.

The "Daily Chronicle" discusses the possibility of the Powers concertedly negotiating for the peaceful control of Chinese railways, and absolutely refusing them for the

carriage of Chinese troops, thus making peace almost automatic. It says it would require a very complete concordat of Powers "on the Chinese." It seems likely that a large body of opinion might eventually rally to the idea as affording sole hope of respite from the present evils.

Press Gang Activity.

Shanghai, September 6.—Chapel and Paoshan continue to be dominated by the military press gang and are most wretched places to live in, either for foreigner or Chinese. Foreign residents in the Chinese suburb complain principally of the difficulty they have in procuring food. The district being closed until 6 o'clock every morning has the result of keeping the country people out of the town till a late hour, with consequent inconvenience to householders. Servants in the employ of foreigners are scared to leave the houses more than necessary, for fear they will become the victims of the press gangs. Foreigners themselves, if they are not back by 8 o'clock at night, are not allowed to enter.

One case concerned two Japanese, living in the Chinese city. They arrived at the boundary line, coming from the International Settlement at about 10 o'clock at night and were refused admittance. When they attempted to argue, one of the soldiers grasped his gun by the barrel, and poked the butt forcibly into the stomach of one of the men sending him flying several yards.

In addition to the reign of terror set up by the press gangs, the soldiers are commandeering food, and it is reported that the more lawless among them are behaving themselves after a fashion not conspicuous for honesty. A favourite trick is reported to be the intimidation of pawnbrokers.

A soldier will go into a pawnshop taking with him some old clothes worth about 50 cents. He will then demand \$10 for the goods.

At first the pawnbrokers were inclined to smile, but the soldier then proved his business head by producing an automatic pistol at sight of which the pawnbroker is wont to think again.

The press gangs are reported to be carrying off women as well as men now.

Drastic Measures.

Various Chinese organizations have entered strong protests against the forced conscription of Chinese labour, and judging from the reports which were published in the Chinese press yesterday their protests have been listened to.

General Ho Feng-lin is said to have issued an order that no less severe penalty than capital punishment will be meted out to persons who extort money under the cloak of conscripting labour, who attempt to conscript women, and who fail to pay wages to conscripted coolies.

The authorities are to pay 50 cents per day to each coolie, who will be treated as an ordinary labourer.

With regard to the coolies rounded up in the Chapei district on Thursday, the authorities state that a day's wages was paid, and that those who were unwilling to work were allowed to go after they had been taken to police headquarters.

Struggle For Nanziang.

Severe fighting took place yesterday on the front from Huangtu to Kiating, the Kiangsu troops gradually forcing the Chekiang armies back in an effort to break through to Nanziang.

Chekiang is tenaciously holding on to this position, the advance of the Kiangsu forces being fiercely contested throughout the day.

General Yang Hau-chao, the defeated Fukien officer, whose brigades have been incorporated in the Chekiang army has been sent up to Nanziang with 3,000 men to hold this position. It was originally intended that these troops should hold the Hing-Hueh-wu front and they were kept in Hangchow. It is now, however, found necessary to use every possible reinforcement to keep the larger numbers from Nanking from breaking through either at Nanziang or Liuhu to Shanghai. Numbers of wounded have been reported from this front although the exact quantity is not available. The Kiating Red Cross has established a base hospital.

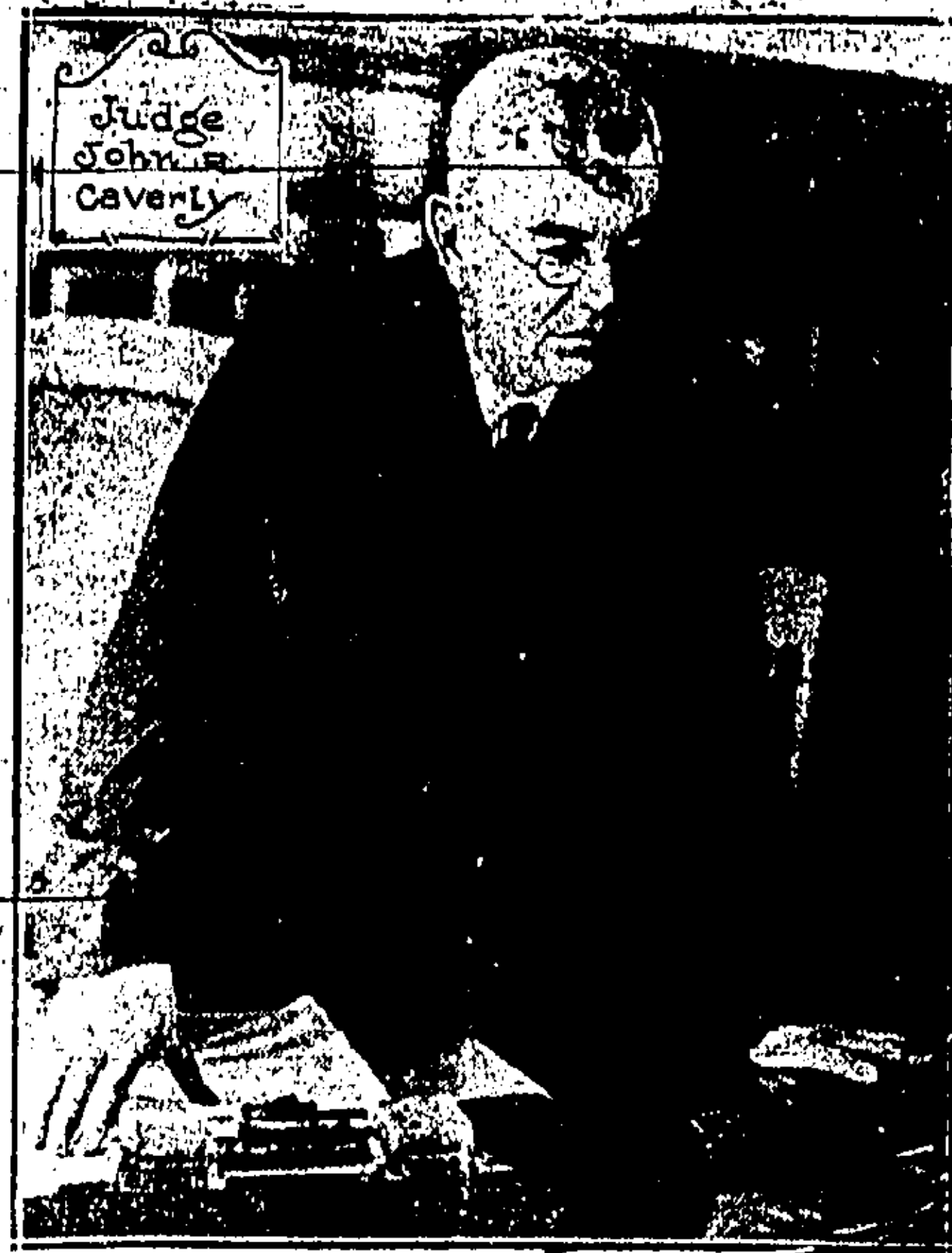
Rumours of fighting at Woosung have not been confirmed.

The actual distance lost by the Chekiang troops from Huangtu to Kiating is 10 miles. Reports from Nanziang are to the effect that the Fukien troops have already begun to attack the Kiangsu forces which are holding the line, in the hope of regaining the original position at Huangtu.

Mr. W. J. Isbister, K.C., who arrived here by the "Arafura" on Friday last, and has since been the guest of Sir Claud and Lady Severn, sailed for Shanghai yesterday in the "President Lincoln."

Mr. H. R. Stuart, of the Chiba Underwriters Association, was also a passenger for that port in the same ship.

JUDGE R. CAVERLY.



This highly interesting study of Judge John R. Caverly was snapped in his Chicago court room, when he was listening to the arguments on which he, and his niece, was in determining whether Nathan Leopold, Jr., and Richard Loeb would go to the gallows or to State's prison for the brutal murder of little Robert Franks.

"SHORT BUT SWEET."

"TUNG ON" IN DOCK
AGAIN.

BUT SAILING TO-NIGHT.

In dock twice in three days has been the experience of the river-steamers "Tung On," but neither of her stays were for long.

On the first occasion she went down to Tai-koo to have some tanks placed in and today she is going down to have her propeller attended to.

Her owners state that she will be out again to-night to make her usual trip to Canton.

The "Sai On"—sister-ship to the "Tung On"—will undergo her trial trip on September 11, after which she will also be placed on the Hongkong-Canton run.

INTERPORT AQUATICS.

NO MEETING THIS YEAR.

"Sorry impossible, will write later." This is the cryptic telegram received yesterday by Mr. R. C. W. W. (Witchell), Hon. Secretary of the Victoria Recreation Club, Hongkong.

Thus for the second year in succession it has been found impossible to hold the annual inter-port aquatics—a matter of regret to everyone.

It will be remembered that Mr. W. W. wrote to the Shanghai Amateur Swimming Association and the Singapore Swimming Club, extending invitations to them to participate in the annual aquatics to be held at Hongkong from October 1-3. The Shanghai Club wrote that they were communicating with members who would be likely to participate and would let Mr. W. W. know later.

As the Singapore Club have also replied that the time that the swimmers would be absent from Singapore prevented them from making the journey, the aquatic events next month will be participated in by local swimmers only.

Mr. W. W. informed a "China Mail" representative this morning that the Shanghai Club had shown a keen desire to participate, and he was inclined to the belief that the mobilising of the Volunteers in Shanghai was the chief reason for the decision they had taken. Most of the likely swimmers were liable to mobilisation.

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ON THE ROCKS.

STANDARD OIL VESSEL
IN TROUBLE.

TUGS STANDING BY.

Fog inside the harbour is believed to have been the cause of an American oil-steamers going ashore on the Cust Rocks, a few hundred yards from the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co.'s establishment, early this morning.

Its name was not distinguishable at the time, but the Dock Co. sent both their tugs, the "Henry Keswick" and the "Edith." An attempt was made to tow off the distressed vessel, but it did not meet with success, and it seems as if the ship is badly holed.

Until the vessel is taken off and examined, it is difficult to say to what extent she has been damaged, but by noon it could be clearly seen to be making water, fortunately, at a not very rapid rate. It is believed that her being still on the rocks may mitigate against her filling quickly with water.

LATER.

On inquiry at the office of the Standard Oil Co., it was found that the steamer was the "Tecumseh," which was carrying a load from San Francisco to the Straits, via Hongkong.

The captain was still on board the ship and no details would be available till the preliminary arrangements were made.

When the tide rises this afternoon the Dock Co. will make the second effort to get the "Tecumseh" off.

The ship is of 6,828 tons gross and her port of registry is Hongkong.

Before going to press this afternoon, it was gathered that the second attempt to re-float the "Tecumseh" would not be made till to-morrow morning. Meanwhile the ship was surrounded by launches and lighters which were taking off a part of the ship's cargo.

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Before going

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMERS.

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S.S. "PARIS MARU" ... Sunday, 6th Oct.
S.S. "CITY OF YOKOHAMA" ... Friday, 12th Sept.S.S. "SEATTLE MARU" ... Friday, 12th Sept.
S.S. "SEATTLE MARU" ... Saturday, 20th SeptemberS.S. "ALTA MARU" ... Monday, 15th September
S.S. "SUMATRA MARU" ... Saturday, 20th SeptemberS.S. "HAGUE MARU" ... Thursday, 2nd Oct.
S.S. "KISHU MARU" ... Thursday, 2nd Oct.S.S. "CALCUTTA" ... Friday, 28th Sept.
S.S. "HAMBURG MARU" ... Friday, 28th Sept.S.S. "VICTORIA" ... Friday, 28th Sept.
S.S. "ARABIA MARU" ... Friday, 28th Sept.S.S. "NEW YORK" ... Wednesday, 15th Oct.
S.S. "ALASKA MARU" (from Kobe) ... Wednesday, 15th Oct.S.S. "HAGUE MARU" ... Sunday, 14th Sept. at 2 p.m.
S.S. "AMUR MARU" ... Wednesday, 17th Sept.S.S. "ALPS MARU" ... Monday, 23rd Sept.
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NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

SWATOW.

Sept. 12—D. L. Hainong.

14—O. S. K. Amakusa Maru.

14—O. S. K. Sunning.

14—O. S. K. Foshing.

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Nov. 26—R. & A. Eastern.

Dec. 31—R. & A. Arakura.

Jan. 28—R. & A. St. Albans.

JAPAN PORTS, ETC.

Sept. 20—J.C.L. Tjitaroom.

20—Nanyo Y.K. Samarang Maru.

Oct. 2—N.Y.K. Tasmantia Maru.

JAPAN PORTS, ETC.

Sept. 12—N.Y.K. Yachino Maru.

12—J.C.L. Tjitaroom.

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No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 13th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Under-Signed on or before 30th inst., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined on the 13th inst., at 10 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 6th Sept., 1924.

LONDON.

(Via Singapore.)

Sept. 12—P. & O. Nagoya.

14—G. L. Pambrokehire.

16—B. F. Glacous.

20—P. & O. Kaiser-I-Hind.

22—B. F. Eumous.

24—N.Y.K. Kama Maru.

26—N.Y.K. Mito Maru.

28—G. L. Gleniffer.

Oct. 1—O. S. K. Paris Maru.

6—B. F. Antiochus.

11—G. L. Helonus.

13—B. F. Patroclus.

21—P. & O. Kashgar.

17—P. & O. Menton.

20—P. & O. Karmala.

Dec. 4—B. F. Mactua.

13—B. F. Hector.

27—P. & O. Kithia.

29—B. F. Teiresias.

Jan. 10—P. & O. Kalyan.

24—P. & O. Kalyan.

28—P. & O. Kalyan.

Mar. 7—P. & O. Kalyan.</

TEST OF CHURCH MEMBERSHIP.

ADDRESS BEFORE THE CELEBRATION OF HOLY COMMUNION.

"By this shall all men know that ye are My disciples." June 13.35.

The Gospel from which our text is taken, said the Rev. C. Clouston Forri, last Sunday, contains no account of the institution of the Lord's Supper and makes no mention of the "Church." Omissions from the latest Gospel which all explanations leave unexplained. The silences of this Scripture are significant and instructive.

Our subject concerns the Church and its membership; our text is from the Gospel which suppresses the Communion and Communions.

Statistics of Church membership vary with the Churches. The register of baptisms or the roll of communicants may supply returns. The more usual test and condition are the latter. The exclusion of the Quakers and the members of the Salvation Army and the inclusion of infants in the cradle roll of the Churches make statistics preferential and unsatisfactory.

"By this shall all men know that ye are My disciples, if ye are communicants," holds good for most churches and is in the manner of my text.

Any claim for priority on behalf of such description and distinction may be dismissed. "Communicant" was by no means the earliest name for Christians. They were in all probability originally called "disciples." And the "disciples" were called Christians first at Antioch. (Acts, 11.26). They were successors to the title of those who responded to the call of the Master-Teacher. "If any man will come after Me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross, and follow Me."

"Whosoever doth not bear his cross and come after Me cannot be My disciple."

The name is sacred to the Twelve, whom Jesus calls "My disciples." Our text speaks of "disciples" and was addressed to the Eleven after the departure of the traitor Judas from the Last-Supper table. The wider application of our text to those who follow the Christ as the Master-Teacher and bear His cross and name will be conceded.

Our text speaks also of the public recognition of disciples in a way similar to that in which we refer to the future recognition of church members either by the churches, by others or for the purpose of statistical returns. "By this shall all men know that ye are My disciples, or Christians, or church members."

What is the proof we give to the world to-day that we are His disciples? What is recognised to-day as the distinguishing characteristic of the Christian? How do the tests of Church membership at present accepted conform to the principle of our text—"By this shall all men know..."

It may come as a surprise to many and to all it should be a matter to be pondered, that the expected proof of present-day discipleship, and the usual test of Church membership find no sanction and authority in the "Spiritual Gospel," which omits the institution of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper and makes no mention of Communicants.

The silence of the Johannine Gospel appears the more impressive when we remember that the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper has provoked more questions and created more conflicts in the Church than any other rite or practice. It has divided the minds of Christian thinkers and what is infinitely more tragic it has alienated the hearts of Christian people. Theological controversies about the Sacrament have received ugly and revengeful passions, which have proved destructive not only of the unity of the Church but of faith, hope and charity. The world to-day, which thinks and feels, has small respect for quarrels over "tables" or "altars," and less respect for Churches divided, whose members claim to be one family but who refuse to meet round one common table.

The Quakers who love peace and make peace have reason for respecting the silence of the Fourth Gospel and for refraining from the observance of a Sacrament, which has been the cause of diatribe, conflict, and even hatred within the Churches.

The additions made by the Fourth Gospel to the story of the Last Supper will be found to be as instructive as the omissions are impressive. These supply us with our theme and lesson.

The author of the Gospel draws a veil of privacy over that last meal, which he raises at the "Supper-sims" (A1) or "wills" the supper was proceeding (Weymouth). What the author has disclosed will be found to be one of

the most important contributions made by the Johannine Gospel.

We are allowed to see the Master of the Feast take affectionate leave of those with whom He sups for the last time. "His hour is come" and He is to depart from those whom "having loved as His own, He loved them to the end." The "Tremendous Lover" is being severed from those whom He loves "intensely," "to the uttermost." The "beloved disciple" recalls most vividly the outburst and outgushing of that mighty love; the Lord's Supper was remembered as the Master's Love-feast.

The curtain rises again on a scene intimate and tender. The Master of the Feast has left the head of the table, laid aside "the seamless robe" and girt with a towel, washes and dries the dusty, travel-stained feet of His disciples and guests. He has taken the place and performs the menial task allotted to the humblest guest or the meanest slave. Ceremony had no part in that act of loving and humble service. The Master-Servant gives an example and creates a precedent faithful where understood. The Lucan Gospel supplies the background and the motive. After the bread had been broken and the wine outpoured and distributed the disciples had renewed their old dispute about who should be accounted the greatest in the Kingdom of God. The treacherous Judas and the ambitious Eleven engage in unseemly strife over place and power in an order that was to be spiritual. Jesus rises from the chief place at the table, and becomes the Master-Servant, and performs the lowliest service. The Lord and Master washes the feet of His servants, while they are obsessed with ideas of their greatness! The example and lesson were never forgotten. Where Jesus is truly Lord and Master the greatest are those who serve, and the highest honour is to be the least. Ambitions which raise distinctions perish, where love creates equality and the servant is as His Lord.

The curtain rises a third time. Judas has taken the sop and departed into the darkness of the night and to depths of treachery. Jesus enters into intimate converse with the Eleven; to them He unburies the fullness of His heart and gives His farewell messages. He will leave with them a rule which must never be broken, a last command which His memory will make a most sacred obligation. The last commandment—the first in importance, therefore, the last in order of time, is a new commandment, a novelty which will make those who observe it loyal to a novelty in the world. "A new commandment I give unto you, that ye love one another; as I have loved you, that ye also love one another."

He was leaving His disciples in a world which was rejecting and crucifying Him, leaving them to face its hatreds and enmities. "Ye shall be hated of all men for My sake." Love must keep unbroken their circle, of Master and disciples, love must make them distinctive and notorious, and love immeasurable as His own love must be not only their rule but their very nature. "A new commandment, I give unto you," a love new in its measure and intensity.

The Johannine Gospel omits the institution of the Lord's Supper but includes the institution of a new Society under a new rule. The new commandment creates a new order within which obedience is made possible. The novelty of such a society will astonish the world into recognition. The members will be distinctive and notorious. Wherever the Master and the Christ is known, known also will be His disciples by their observance of the rule. "A new commandment I give unto you, That ye love one another. By this shall all men know that ye are My disciples, if ye have love one to another."

The Johannine interpretation of the Last Supper in terms of love may be best understood in the light of the new commandment and the new society.

As the "Tremendous Lover," Jesus makes the Supper a farewell to those "Whom He loved as His own and loved to the end" that is "to the uttermost," intensely. His own love is the example, the inspiration; the measure and the challenge. "That ye love one another as I have loved you."

As the Master betrayed by a treacherous lover and a Judas-like man, which he raises at the "Supper-sims" (A1) or "wills" the supper was proceeding (Weymouth). What the author has disclosed will be found to be one of

a loyalty that had survived many tests.

As the Master Servant, by a menial task during the solemnities of the Supper, He corrected and belittled the ambitions of His disciples, and by His own gracious and lowly example of service, He made worldly love of place and power, rule and authority unthinkable among those who are His disciples. He leaves them the lesson and example of a great humility. In His service, where the least is given, the "title" of honour inequalities can have no place. Pride and its distinctions, which are destructive of love, are here condemned.

As the Lord and Master, His final charge to His disciples constitutes mutual love the rule of the new society, and the new commandment of the Kingdom. His own immeasurable love to them He gave to be the measure of their love to each other.

By no ceremonial acts, but by a Christ-like disposition of heart, the disciples and brethren of the new society and the members of His Church, would win public recognition and notoriety.

"By this shall all men know that ye are My disciples, if ye have love one to the other."

Our text formulates no test of church membership but states simply and definitely what is the true Spirit of Christian discipleship and the proof the world will accept of spirit and conduct which is characteristic and notoriously Christian.

Does the Church to-day, as a Christian Society, fulfil the conditions of our text? Are we known among men as those who have made the new commandment old? Or is the new commandment still a novelty and the new order yet to be founded? We confess that the world cannot be accused of being prejudiced and blind, if it fails to find in the Churches that Christ-like love of brethren of which it reads in the Gospels. Love may be found. Love of God, but the world looks for a God-like love which includes man as its object. It suspects a love which is merely mystical. "He that loveth not his brother, how can he love God?" asks St. John. Love of neighbour exists, but it is not distinctively Christian; the most neighbourly are often those who are farthest from the churches but closest in sympathy with each other. Love of brethren is the proof required by the Gospel; the world understands such love and where it is raised, sublimated and made Christ-like, the world acknowledges that those who possess it, are truly Christians.

The world, however, does not consider the Church as a society of those who love each other. It judges her not by her ceremonies but by her charities, not by her creeds but by the character of her members, not by dogmas but by dispositions and not by rules of membership but by the new commandment.

The world knows the story of Jesus, of His great love and of His humility too, but it does not look to-day to the Churches for examples and inspiration. The man, who looks in, sees that where loving and lowly service should be the title of honour, worldly ambitions, love of place and power, have entered and abide. Distinctions create inequalities, the gentle Spirit prevails, the Master's last commands are unheeded. "Ye shall not be so; he that is greatest among you let him be as the younger and he that is chief, as he that doth serve."

The failure of Churches, where failure exists, must be traced to a fatal misunderstanding of spiritual values and to a neglect of the commandment which continues new.

The world, however, does not realise that what Christ demanded of His disciples was humanly impossible; that a love of brethren immeasurable as His own was superhuman in character. The failure of the Church must be traced, also, to a neglect of divine grace. That which is humanly impossible is made divinely possible. The new commandment can be kept by those alone who are new—the new-born. "He that loveth is born of God," writes St. John.

Jesus was the Supreme optimist as He was the "Tremendous Lover." It was on the very night of treachery, disloyalty and abandonment, and on the eve of Calvary that He gave the new commandment. The little circle of Eleven would be the founders of a new race, a race of lovers, Christ-like men with hearts renewed and filled to overflowing with a love like His own. That circle enlarges slowly, surely, irresistibly and inevitably. The society, of those who love Christ and love their brethren for the joy of loving, grows and its power and influence is out of all proportion to size. It has set the world dreaming of the man that is to be, of the new race and of new nations, which will live together in peace and in the spirit of brotherhood. "Papa!" in his vivid and inimitable "Life of Christ" under the

LABOUR CONVENTION.

MINISTERS AGREE TO 8-HOUR DAY.

(Reuter's Service.)

Berne, September 10.

The conference of Labour Ministers which began on the 9th has concluded. The Ministers agreed to the desirability of reaching a practical international application of the principle of the eight-hour day on the basis of the Washington Convention. The German Minister, Herr Brauns, emphasised that he could not accept anything implying any sort of foreign control of German economic legislation. He was assured that the position of all countries signing the Convention would be exactly the same and any country doubting the efficacy of the application of eight-hour day in another, may complain to the governing body of the International Labour Office which may inquire into the matter. Finally the complaint may have to be submitted to the International Court of Justice. Herr Brauns thereupon agreed to recommend the ratification of the Convention by Germany.

Mr. Albert Thomas, Director of the International Labour Office, subsequently speaking on the results of the Conference, declared that a full and sincere ratification of the Convention was "bound to follow."

PEACE PRIZE.

ESSAYS FALL SHORT OF CONDITIONS.

(Reuter's Service.)

Rome, September 9.

In the Italian section of the Filene peace prize competition on the 7th inst. the first prize of 100,000 lire was divided between Professors Pedozzi and Arias, who submitted a joint thesis, and M. Cento. The second prize of 30,000 lire was awarded to the deputy, M. Lanzilao. The third prize of 20,000 lire was divided between M. Colombino and M. Prina.

Berlin, September 10.

Over 4,000 competitors submitted plans in the German competition for the Filene prizes. The German prize committee decided that none of the essays merits the first prize as none entirely fulfilled the conditions of the award. It was therefore decided to divide the first prize between writers of the two best essays.

GEORGIA RISING.

SOVIET IN FIERCE STRUGGLE.

(Reuter's Service.)

Constantinople, September 10.

According to latest reports a fierce struggle continues in Georgia between the Soviet forces and the insurgents, who hold the principal Trans-Caucasian Railway. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the Caucasus. The Soviet reinforcements are hurrying to the disaffected area. Many are reported to have been executed at Batoum and Tiflis.

chapter entitled "Love one another" writes "of the new race still unborn."

"Jesus proposes His experiment—the last—the experiment of love." We must become like unto God, we must imitate God. The secret of imitating God is love. The sure way to attain to transhumanization is through love, love of man for his fellow-man, of the friend and of the enemy. The love of every man for all men will be the new earthly paradise, the Paradise regained.

Every celebration of the Lord's Supper which keeps fragrant the memory of Christ's dying love should also keep fresh in our minds His parting words of command. They should become to us the supreme obligation of our life. "A new commandment I give unto you, That ye love one another as I have loved you, that ye also love one another."

When the Churches have published and fulfilled this commandment then will all men know that we are His disciples because we love one another. The new order will then be established, the new race will increase and multiply and the kingdoms of the world by the power of love will be transformed into the Kingdom of God.

Thus Browning, lover of humanity and therefore optimist: "I can believe this dread machinery of sin and sorrow, would confound me also. Devised all pain at most expenditure of pain by who devised pain—to evolve by machinery in countenance. The royal equities of man—how else to make him love in turn and be beloved, Creator and self-sacrificing too. And thus eventually God like."

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BABIES

LOVE

IT!

L. OF N.

CLAIM OF CHINA.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, September 10.

Addressing a meeting of the International Federation of Universities at Geneva on the 7th inst., Chao Hsin-chu dwelt on China's claim to the re-election of a non-permanent member of the Council of the League. He said that if the result of the election of non-permanent members was not satisfactory to Chinese public opinion he did not know what the consequences would be. It would, in the face of the resolution of the Peking parliament and the views of the Chinese delegation when making its report, to meet all objections to continued membership which would be urged with increasing force. Yet, though the Chinese would be disappointed, though they considered they had not received the consideration to which they were entitled, he assured his hearers that the Chinese would still be warm supporters of the League. He hoped that they would not be disappointed again at the coming election.

MOROCCO.

SPANISH VICTORY.

(Reuter's Service.)

Madrid, September 10.

It is officially reported from Morocco that three Spanish columns defeated the enemy force near Kala with the co-operation of artillery and aeroplanes. The enemy suffered heavy casualties. The Spanish losses were 14 killed, 18 wounded, 100 natives killed.

HOME "SOCCER."

FIRST LEAGUE RESULTS.

(Reuter's Service.)

London, Sept. 10. Leeds United 1, Notts County 1. Newcastle 4, Blackburn 6.

"RUGGER" TOURISTS.

(Reuter's Service.)

Port Elizabeth, Sept. 10. The British rugby team touring South Africa was defeated by Eastern Province by 14 points to 6.

SILK SHIPMENT.

Silk forwarded from here by the s.s. "Empress of Australia" on August 15 arrived in New York on September 7. The time in transit was 23 days.

Children like Chamberlain's Pain-Balm. For "black and blue" bruises, sprains of wrists and ankles, strains of cords and muscles, stung bees, ants, scorpions, and other insects of childhood, Chamberlain's Pain-Balm gives relief. Does just as much for older people too. Rubs under the chin, relieves headache and neuralgia. Rubs on the back and arms. It is penetrating and quickly helps. Sold and recommended everywhere.



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PONZI, FREED, FACES NEW TRIAL.



Mrs. Ponzi, Charles Ponzi & Mrs. C. Malagutti.
Charles Ponzi, of Boston, whose famous "get rich quick" schemes netted him \$5,000,000, has been released from the Plymouth County Jail, where he served three years as a Federal prisoner. He was immediately re-arrested on State charges.

Screen Star May Wed.



LOIS WILSON.

Lois Wilson, screen star, and
Bernard Baruch, Jr., son of the New
York financier, are soon to wed,
according to Paris reports.

Possible President.



W. Z. Foster, candidate of the
Farmer-Labour party for President.

MEXICO'S PRESIDENT-ELECT IN U. S.



General P. Elias Calles, President-Elect of the Republic of Mexico,
visited New York City on his way to Europe, where he will rest before
assuming office in Mexico City.

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objects more clearly than
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read more easily? You
cannot be certain that you
do these as well as you
should. To obtain clear
vision you may unconsciously
be straining your eyes.
Only one person in every
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THAT'S A MAN IN THE NEXT ROOM
THAT WILL HAVE TO REMAIN IN
THIS HOSPITAL JUST AS LONG
AS YOU.



I THINK HE SAID
"DINTY MOORE"



DINTY
MOORE?



I MUST
SEE
DINTY!



YOUR
PLAY
DINTY



WHAT'S THE
HURRY? WE'LL
BE HERE FOR
TWO WEEKS!



NOTICE TO SHIPPERS
AND PASSENGERS.

VESSELS DUE.

FROM SHANGHAI.

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Sept. 15.—J. O. J. L. Tiamong.

Sept. 15.—J. O. J. L. Tiamong.

Sept. 15.—N. Y. K. Ceylon Maru.

Sept. 15.—O. S. K. Amur Maru.

Sept. 15.—B. F. Taidous.

Sept. 15.—B. F. Oichas.

Oct. 15.—W. R. B. West Coast.

FROM CALCUTTA.

Sept. 15.—P. A. Banka.

Sept. 15.—J. O. J. L. Tiamong.

Sept. 15.—J. O. J. L. Tiamong.

Sept. 15.—N. Y. K. Ceylon Maru.

Sept. 15.—O. S. K. Amur Maru.

Sept. 15.—B. F. Taidous.

Sept. 15.—B. F. Oichas.

Oct. 15.—W. R. B. West Coast.

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Oct. 3.—E. & A. S. Albano.

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On 21 months sight... 2/4-1/2

On 24 months sight... 2/4-1/2

On 27 months sight... 2/4-1/2

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On 225 months sight... 2/4-1/2

On 228 months sight... 2/4-1/2

On 231 months sight... 2/4-1/2

HONGKONG TIDE.

The tide-table given below has been compiled at the National Almanac Office in London from the result of the analysis of observations taken by means of an automatic tide-recording machine in the Water-Police-Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui during the years 1908-9.

The zero of the table corresponds with the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 4 feet 3 inches below mean sea-level.

To obtain the depth of water on the tide gauge at the Victoria Naval Yard add 3 feet 4 inches, and on the gauge at Lamont Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet 4 inches to the height given in the table.

September 1 to 7, 1924.

High Water Low Water

Standard Time

H.M.S. Time

H.M.S. Time

H.M.S. Time

H.M.S. Time

H.M.S. Time

H.M.S. Time

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